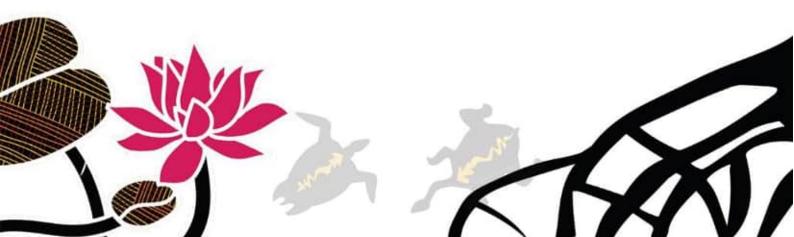


WEST ARNHEM REGIONAL COUNCIL RISK MANAGEMENT & AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETING

AGENDA

TUESDAY, 30 MAY 2023



Notice is hereby given that Audit Committee Meeting of the West Arnhem Regional Council will be held in on Tuesday, 30 May 2023 at 10:00.

Paul Hockings Chief Executive Officer

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ITEM		SUBJECT	PAGE NO			
1	ACKI	ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF COUNTRY				
2	PERS	PERSONS PRESENT				
3	APO	LOGIES				
	3.1	Apologies and Leave of Absence	5			
4	ABSI	ENT WITHOUT NOTICE				
	4.1	Absent Without Notice	6			
5	ACCI	ACCEPTANCE OF AGENDA				
	5.1	Acceptance of Agenda	7			
6	DECI	LARATION OF INTEREST OF MEMBERS OR STAFF				
	6.1	Disclosure of Interest of Members or Staff	8			
7	CON	CONFIRMATION OF PREVIOUS MINUTES				
	7.1	Confirmation of Previous Risk Management and Audit Committee Minutes - 28 March 2023	10			
8	GEN	ERAL ITEMS				
	8.1 8.2	Update on General Action Items Presentations to Committee				
9	AUD	IT REPORTS				
	Nil					
10	PROCEDURAL MOTIONS					
	10.1	Closure to the Public for the Discussion of Confidential Items	44			
11	LATE	LATE REPORTS				
	Nil					
12	CON	FIDENTIAL ITEMS				
		nformation in this section of the agenda is classed as confidential under section 293(1) or rnment Act 2019 and regulation 51 of the Local Government (Administration) Regulation				
13	NEX	NEXT MEETING				

Acknowledgement of Country

West Arnhem Regional Council acknowledges the First Nations Custodians, and the many Language and Family groups who are Managers and Caretakers to each of their Traditional homelands and Waters across the West Arnhem Region Wards.

West Arnhem Regional Council pays its respects and acknowledges Elders, past, present and rising.

FOR THE MEETING 30 MAY 2023

Agenda Reference: 3.1

Title: Apologies and Leave of Absence

File Reference: 1079286

Author: Jessie Schaecken, Governance and Risk Advisor

SUMMARY

This report is to table, for the Risk Management and Audit Committee's record, any apologies and requests for leave of absence received from Committee members for the meeting held on 30 May 2023.

POLICY IMPLICATIONS

This report has been prepared in accordance with Council's Scheduling and Conduct of Meetings (Elected, Local Authority and Council Committee Members) Policy.

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS

This report is aligned to pillar 6 in the Regional Plan and Budget 2022-2023 as outlined below:

PILLAR 6 FOUNDATIONS OF GOVERNANCE

Integrity is at the heart of everything we do. We are leaders of best practice and excellence in governance, advocacy, consultation and administration. Our processes, procedures and policies are ethical and transparent.

Goal 6.3	Council and Local Authorities Excellence in governance, consultation administration and representation	
Goal 6.5	Planning and Reporting Robust planning and reporting that supports Council's decision-making processes	

RECOMMENDATION:

That Risk Management and Audit Committee noted member's apologies and/or requests for leave of absence for the meeting held on 30 May 2023.

FOR THE MEETING 30 MAY 2023

Agenda Reference: 4.1

Title: Absent Without Notice

File Reference: 1079292

Author: Jessie Schaecken, Governance and Risk Advisor

SUMMARY

This report is to table, for the Risk Management and Audit Committee's record, any members that are absent without notice for the meeting held on 30 May 2023.

POLICY IMPLICATIONS

This report has been prepared in accordance with Council's Scheduling and Conduct of Meetings (Elected, Local Authority and Council Committee Members) Policy.

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS

This report is aligned to pillar 6 in the Regional Plan and Budget 2022-2023 as outlined below:

PILLAR 6 FOUNDATIONS OF GOVERNANCE

Integrity is at the heart of everything we do. We are leaders of best practice and excellence in governance, advocacy, consultation and administration. Our processes, procedures and policies are ethical and transparent.

Goal 6.3	Council and Local Authorities Excellence in governance, consultation administration and representation	
Goal 6.5	Planning and Reporting Robust planning and reporting that supports Council's decision-making processes	

RECOMMENDATION:

That Risk Management and Audit Committee noted members absences without notice for the meeting held on 30 May 2023.

FOR THE MEETING 30 MAY 2023

Agenda Reference: 5.1

Title: Acceptance of Agenda

File Reference: 1079297

Author: Jessie Schaecken, Governance and Risk Advisor

SUMMARY

Agenda papers are submitted for acceptance by appointed members for the Risk Management and Audit Committee meeting of 30 May 2023.

COMMENT

The Committee is encouraged to review the agenda and to accept or not accept the agenda.

STATUTORY ENVIRONMENT

Section 92(1) Local Government Act 2019 is relevant to this matter.

POLICY IMPLICATIONS

This report has been prepared in accordance with Council's Scheduling and Conduct of Meetings (Elected, Local Authority and Council Committee Members) Policy.

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS

This report is aligned to pillar 6 in the Regional Plan and Budget 2022-2023 as outlined below:

PILLAR 6 FOUNDATIONS OF GOVERNANCE

Integrity is at the heart of everything we do. We are leaders of best practice and excellence in governance, advocacy, consultation and administration. Our processes, procedures and policies are ethical and transparent.

Goal 6.3	Council and Local Authorities Excellence in governance, consultation administration and representation	
Goal 6.5	Planning and Reporting Robust planning and reporting that supports Council's decision-making processes	

RECOMMENDATION:

That the agenda for the Risk Management and Audit Committee meeting of 30 May 2023 as circulated be accepted.

- 7 -

FOR THE MEETING 30 MAY 2023

Agenda Reference: 6.1

Title: Disclosure of Interest of Members or Staff

File Reference: 1079299

Author: Jessie Schaecken, Governance and Risk Advisor

SUMMARY

Elected and Committee Members are required to disclose an interest in a matter under consideration by Council at a Council or Committee meeting:

- 1) In the case of a matter featured in an officer's report or written agenda item by disclosing the interest to the Council as soon as possible after the matter is raised.
- 2) In the case of a matter raised in general debate or by any means other than the printed agenda of the Council by disclosure as soon as possible after the matter is raised.

Under disclosure, the Member must abide by the decision of the Committee on whether he/she shall remain in the Chambers and/ or take part in the vote on the issue. The Committee may elect to allow the Member to provide further and better particulars of the interest prior to requesting him/her to leave the Chambers.

Staff of the Council are required to disclose an interest in a matter at any time at which they are required to act or exercise their delegated authority in relation to the matter. Upon disclosure, the staff member is not to act or exercise his/her delegated authority unless the Council expressly directs him/her to do so.

STATUTORY ENVIRONMENT

Sections 114 (Elected Members) *Local Government Act 2019*. Section 179 (staff members) *Local Government Act 2019*.

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS

This report is aligned to pillar 6 in the Regional Plan and Budget 2022-2023 as outlined below:

PILLAR 6 FOUNDATIONS OF GOVERNANCE

Integrity is at the heart of everything we do. We are leaders of best practice and excellence in governance, advocacy, consultation and administration. Our processes, procedures and policies are ethical and transparent.

are ethical and transparent.				
Goal 6.2	Records Delivery of storage and retrieval of records processes which support efficient and transparent administration			
Goal 6.3	Council and Local Authorities Excellence in governance, consultation administration and representation			
Goal 6.4	Risk Management The monitoring and minimisation of risks associated with the operations of Council			
Goal 6.5	Planning and Reporting Robust planning and reporting that supports Council's decision-making processes			

RECOMMENDATION:

That Risk Management and Audit Committee received and recorded declarations of interest for the meeting held on 30 May 2023.				
TACHMENTS				

FOR THE MEETING 30 MAY 2023

Agenda Reference: 7.1

Title: Confirmation of Previous Risk Management and Audit Committee

Minutes - 28 March 2023

File Reference: 1079300

Author: Jessie Schaecken, Governance and Risk Advisor

SUMMARY

Unconfirmed minutes of 28 March 2023 Risk Management and Audit Committee meeting are submitted to the Committee for confirmation that the minutes are a true and correct record of the meeting.

COMMENT

The minutes as submitted and confirmation of the minutes must comply with section 101 of the *Local Government Act 2019*.

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS

The confirmation of previous minutes is aligned to the following goals as outlined in pillar 6 of the *Regional Plan and Budget 2022 - 2023*:

PILLAR 6 FOUNDATIONS OF GOVERNANCE

Integrity is at the heart of everything we do. We are leaders of best practice and excellence in governance, advocacy, consultation and administration. Our processes, procedures and policies are ethical and transparent.

Goal 6.2	Records Delivery of storage and retrieval of records processes which support efficient and transparent administration
Goal 6.5	Planning and Reporting Robust planning and reporting that supports Council's decision-making processes

RECOMMENDATION:

That the minutes of the 28 March 2023 Risk Management and Audit Committee meeting are adopted as a true and correct record of the meeting.

ATTACHMENTS

1 2023.03.28- Risk Management and Audit Committee Minutes - Unconfirmed.pdf



Minutes of the West Arnhem Regional Council Risk Management and Audit Committee Meeting 28 March 2023 at 10:00

Chairperson Carolyn Eagle declared the meeting open at 10:10, welcomed all in attendance and completed an Acknowledgement of Country.

COMMITTEE MEMBERS PRESENT

Chairperson Carolyn Eagle
Deputy Mayor Elizabeth Williams
Councillor Gabby Gumurdul
Councillor Jacqueline Phillips
Councillor James Woods
Member Warren Jackson

STAFF PRESENT

Chief Executive Officer Paul Hockings
Chief Corporate Officer David Glover
Governance and Risk Advisor Jessie Schaecken

APOLOGIES

3.1 APOLOGIES AND LEAVE OF ABSENCE

The Committee considered Apologies and Leave of Absence.

ACM1/2023 RESOLVED:

On the motion of Chairperson Carolyn Eagle Seconded Deputy Mayor Elizabeth Williams

That Risk Management and Audit Committee noted member apologies from Mayor Ryan and Cr Ralph for the meeting held on 28 March 2023.

CARRIED

ABSENT WITHOUT NOTICE

4.1 ABSENT WITHOUT NOTICE

The Committee considered Absent Without Notice.

RESOLVED:

That Risk Management and Audit Committee noted nil members absences without notice for the meeting held on 28 March 2023.

ACCEPTANCE OF AGENDA

West Arnhem Regional Council

Audit Committee Tuesday, 28 March 2023

Attachment 1 Page 11

-1-

5.1 APPOINTMENT OF INDEPENDANT MEMBER

That after a successful recruitment process Mr Warren Jackson was selected as the preferred candidate for the West Arnhem Regional Council Risk Management and Audit Committee and in line with Council resolution OCMXX/2023 is invited to join the meeting.

ACM2/2023 RESOLVED:

On the motion of Chairperson Carolyn Eagle

Seconded Cr James Woods

That Risk Management and Audit Committee noted the appointment of Mr Warren Jackson as an independent member commencing subject to the acceptance of formal offer from Council.

CARRIED

5.2 ACCEPTANCE OF AGENDA

The Committee considered Acceptance of Agenda.

ACM3/2023 RESOLVED:

On the motion of Cr Jacqueline Phillips

Seconded Deputy Mayor Elizabeth Williams

That the agenda for the Risk Management and Audit Committee meeting of 28 March 2023 as circulated be accepted.

CARRIED

DECLARATION OF INTEREST OF MEMBERS OR STAFF

6.1 DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST OF MEMBERS OR STAFF

The Committee considered Disclosure of Interest of Members or Staff.

ACM4/2023 RESOLVED:

On the motion of Deputy Mayor Elizabeth Williams

Seconded Cr James Woods

That Risk Management and Audit Committee received and recorded declarations of interest from Chairperson Eagle regarding her being the independent chair of the CouncilBIZ Risk Management and Audit Committee for the meeting held on 28 March 2023.

CARRIED

CONFIRMATION OF PREVIOUS MINUTES

7.1 CONFIRMATION OF PREVIOUS RISK MANAGEMENT AND AUDIT COMMITTEE MINUTES - 4 NOVEMBER 2022

The Committee considered Confirmation of Previous Risk Management and Audit Committee Minutes - 4 November 2022.

ACM5/2023 RESOLVED:

On the motion of Deputy Mayor Elizabeth Williams

Seconded Cr Gabby Gumurdul

That the minutes of the 4 November 2022 Risk Management and Audit Committee meeting are adopted as a true and correct record of the meeting.

CARRIED

GENERAL ITEMS

8.1 UPDATE ON GENERAL ACTION ITEMS

The Committee considered an update on General Action Items.

ACM6/2023 RESOLVED:

West Arnhem Regional Council

Audit Committee Tuesday, 28 March 2023

- 2 -

On the motion of Chairperson Carolyn Eagle

Seconded Deputy Mayor Elizabeth Williams

That Risk Management and Audit Committee:

- Reviewed the Action Items List and approved to remove completed item from the list;
 and
- Approved the update to projects on the internal audit plan being a focus on the risk of a change in ERP (Enterprise Resource Planning) Software, and deferral of the 2023 Financial Year projects to future years.

CARRIED

PROCEDURAL MOTIONS

10.1 CLOSURE TO THE PUBLIC FOR THE DISCUSSION OF CONFIDENTIAL ITEMS

The Committee considered Closure to the Public for the Discussion of Confidential Items.

ACM7/2023 RESOLVED:

On the motion of Cr James Woods

Seconded Cr Jacqueline Phillips

That Risk Management and Audit Committee approved the closure of the meeting to the public as confidential items were about to be discussed. The meeting was closed in accordance with regulation 52 of the Local Government (General) Regulations 2021.

CARRIED

EXCLUSION OF THE PUBLIC TO CONSIDER CONFIDENTIAL ITEMS

The information is classed as confidential under Section 293(1) of the Local Government Act 2019 and regulation 51 of the Local Government (Administration) Regulations 2021.

RE-ADMITTANCE OF THE PUBLIC

12.1 DISCLOSURE OF CONFIDENTIAL RESOLUTIONS AND RE-ADMITTANCE OF THE PUBLIC

The Committee considered Disclosure of Confidential Resolutions and Re-admittance of the Public.

ACM8/2023 RESOLVED:

On the motion of Chairperson Carolyn Eagle

Seconded Member Warren Jackson

That the Committee opened the meeting to the public after the discussion of confidential items, and approved to disclose selected resolutions from the confidential section of this meeting in the non-confidential meeting minutes.

CARRIED

CONFIDENTIAL ITEMS MOVED INTO OPEN

12.1 PROPOSAL FOR AUDIT SERVICES 2022/23 - 2024/25

The Committee considered Proposal for Audit Services 2022/23 - 2024/25.

ACM9/2023 RESOLVED:

On the motion of Councillor Gabby Gumurdul

Seconded Chairperson Carolyn Eagle

That Risk Management and Audit Committee recommended to Council that Nexia Edwards Marshall be appointed as the auditors for West Arnhem Regional Council for the provision of audit services for the 3 year period, being 2022/23 to 2024/25 financial years.

CARRIED

West Arnhem Regional Council

-

Audit Committee Tuesday, 28 March 2023

MEETING DECLARED CLOSED Chairperson Carolyn Eagle declared the meeting closed at 11:36.					
The next meeting will be held by video conference on 30 May 2023. This page and the preceding pages are the minutes of the Risk Management and Audit Committee meeting held on 28 March 2023.					

West Arnhem Regional Council - 4 -

Audit Committee Tuesday, 28 March 2023

FOR THE MEETING 30 MAY 2023

Agenda Reference: 8.1

Title: Update on General Action Items

File Reference: 1079355

Author: Jessie Schaecken, Governance and Risk Advisor

own

SUMMARY

This report is submitted for the Committee to consider the progress on outstanding resolutions from Risk Management and Audit Committee meetings.

BACKGROUND

This report is a standard report submitted to the Committee to note the actions taken with respect to Risk Management and Audit Committee resolutions. The items included on the action items list emanate from resolutions that were passed during previous Risk Management and Audit Committee meetings.

POLICY IMPLICATIONS

As per the Risk Management and Audit Committee's Charter, the Committee is responsible for monitoring and evaluating management's responsiveness to matters raised during the course of its meetings.

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS

The confirmation of previous minutes is aligned to the following goals as outlined in pillar 6 of the *Regional Plan and Budget 2022 - 2023*:

PILLAR 6 FOUNDATIONS OF GOVERNANCE

Integrity is at the heart of everything we do. We are leaders of best practice and excellence in governance, advocacy, consultation and administration. Our processes, procedures and policies are ethical and transparent.

Goal 6.2	Records Delivery of storage and retrieval of records processes which support efficient and transparent administration
Goal 6.5	Planning and Reporting Robust planning and reporting that supports Council's decision-making processes

RECOMMENDATION:

That Risk Management and Audit Committee reviewed the Action Items List, and approved to remove completed items from the list.

ATTACHMENTS

1 Risk and Audit Committee Action Items List.pdf

Risk Management and Audit Committee Action Items List - Ongoing

Action Officer/Team	Chief	Officer
Comment	20 July 2021	A report on this item, including the updated Strategic Internal Audit Plan 2021-2022 has been prepared for this meeting. The 2022-2023 Plan will be prepared for a subsequent meeting after the election of new Council members. 19 October 2021 Management is on track to update the Strategic Internal Audit Plan as per the Committee's request, and will provide a report at the first Risk Management and Audit Committee meeting in 2022. 10 March 2022 Two-year audit plan topics included in March meeting report. The strategic internal audit plan 2022-23 is to be updated once the regional plan pillars, Goals, Strategies and Measures document becomes final at April 2022 OCM, and subsequent May 2022 Local Authority meetings.
Status	In Progress	
Action Required	STRATEGIC INTERNAL AUDIT PLAN	The Committee: 1. Noted the updates made, and after discussion with management about alternative review procedures being available, endorsed the removal of the following auditable areas from the plan: • Planning and reporting (item 2.4): • Storage and retrieval of records (item 2.3): 2. Requested that an updated Plan for 2021-22 and 2022-23 be prepared for the Committee's next meeting on 27 July 2021 to include priority areas of significant existing controls. The Committee: 1. Noted the updates to the Strategic Internal Audit Plan and the revised Audit Review timelines for 2021/22; and 2. Requested that the subsequent 2-year audit plan and the revised Audit Review timelines for 2021/22; and 2. Requested that the Committee's first meeting in 2022.
Resolution Number	ACM12/2021	ACM24/2021
Date Of Meeting	26 May 2021	

Risk Management and Audit Committee Action Items List - Ongoing

24 May 2022 The strategic internal audit plan 2022-2023 is to be updated after Council approves the Regional Plan and Budget, 2022-2023 on 8 June 2022. The audit plan will be presented at the Committee meeting in July 2022.	19 July 2022 The strategic internal audit plan 2022-2023 is currently being updated alongside the strategic risk register. The document will be presented at the October 2022 Audit Committee meeting.	Updates have been undertaken to the Strategic and Operational Risk Register taking into account the move to six pillars, each with their goals. This then feeds into the Strategic Internal Audit Plan. The updating remains in draft form and will need to defer to the February 2023 meeting of the RM&AC.	23 March 2023 Councilbiz has offered Councils \$25K. WARC will take this offer up in order to engage a consultant to assist with the selection of a replacement of the Technology 1 system currently in place. Whilst the

Risk Management and Audit Committee Action Items List - Ongoing

preference is to remain with Technology 1 the costs to do so are significant over a 5 year period compared to other systems available. Technology 1 has been in place for many years, is powerful and provides WARC with a system that meets / exceeds requirements. Costs may cause a shift to a different ERP, however a consultant will be able to provide a pathway to the best way forward.	VARC has received a proposal and intend to engage KPMG utilising the \$25k offered by Councilbiz. This will provide a Business Process Review (value-stream mapping exercise) and a T1 "health check" to inform Councils future IT requirements and decisions regarding ERP procurement.
preference is to Technology 1 the cost significant over a 5 compared to oth available. Technology place for many years and provides WARC v that meets / exceeds r Costs may cause a different ERP, howeve will be able to provide the best way forward.	23 May 2023 WARC has recintend to enga \$25k offered by provide a Bus (value-stream and a T1 "he Councils futur decisions

Risk Management and Audit Committee Action Items List - Ongoing

Date Of Meeting	Resolution Number	Action Required	Status	Comment	Action Officer/Team
	ACM 9/2023	The Risk management and Audit Committee Completed Nexia Edwards Marshall has been Chief Finance recommended to Council that Nexia Edwards Marshall be appointment of the West Arnhem Regional Council for the provision of Audit Services for the 3 year period, being 2022/23 to 2024/25 financial years.	Completed	Nexia Edwards Marshall has been engaged and the appointment letter was received on 20 April 2023. Interim Audit commenced 15 May 2023.	Chief Finance Officer

FOR THE MEETING 30 MAY 2023

Agenda Reference: 8.2

Title: Presentations to Committee

File Reference: 1079361

Author: Jessie Schaecken, Governance and Risk Advisor

SUMMARY

The purpose of this report is to inform the Risk Management and Audit Committee of representations and or presentations that will be made to the Committee at this meeting.

COMMENT

JLT Risk Solutions will present to the committee on their annual Public Sector Risk report.

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS

PILLAR 6 FOUNDATIONS OF GOVERNANCE

Integrity is at the heart of everything we do. We are leaders of best practice and excellence in governance, advocacy, consultation and administration.

Our processes, procedures and policies are ethical and transparent.

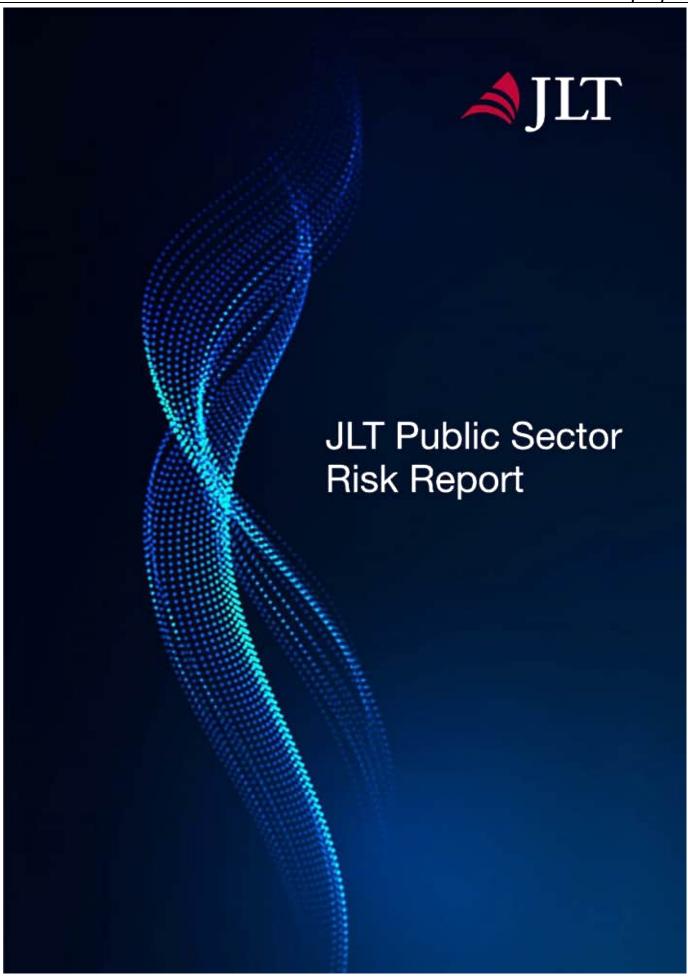
Goal 6.3	Council and Local Authorities Excellence in governance, consultation administration and representation
Goal 6.4	Risk Management The monitoring and minimisation of risks associated with the operations of Council
Goal 6.5	Planning and Reporting Robust planning and reporting that supports Council's decision-making processes

RECOMMENDATION

That the Risk Management and Audit Committee received and noted presentations made by to the committee at the meeting.

ATTACHMENTS

1 JLT Public Sector Risk Report.pdf







Welcome

NOTE FROM GARY OKELY

bushfires, cyclones and the pandemic. Buring 2022 the impact of La Nina bought new challenges for Local Government, with flood events impacting across four Through 2019 to 2021, Australia experienced disruption and impacts from different states

This fifth addition of the fisisk Report charts the significant inferiors of the first consideration of the first consideration of the inferiormatickity of the risks on their risks and, as we see heavily, the potential of a domino effect.

197 Council CEOs and General Managers contributed to the JLT Public Sector Risk Survey, providing their perupeones on the greatest risks for the sector at this time. Local Bovernment insights provide the basis of this report and we again incorporate our observations and knowledge of

for communities to recover and prepare for the next event. These extraordistay events exertled the challenges that governments at all levels are facing, compounding the complexite each not allevely that for actuators to be Unprecedented flooding events across the country and multiple local government areas leaving little to no time the industry to comment on these risks

developed and executed to provide support and protection to their communities.

ncomparable attacks where the community were effected highlighted how organisations are cyber relient and at the same time cyber vulnerable and continuous management Additionally, the attacks on Optus and Medibank Private brought to the forefront the serious impact cyber ormine can have on organisations helding penional data. These of cyber security is so vital,

As different events unitald, the interconnectivity of risk and the domino effect of these risks on government and the

Thank you to all the GEOs and General Managers who periologished in the survey. Your contribution is a vital antibute of the JUT Public Sector Risk Report.



Statutory/Regulatory Requirements

29

Human Resource Management

30

Waste Management

Ineffective Government

34

Reputation

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Pandemic

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16 Financial Sustainability	18 Cyber	20 Assets & Infrastructure	22 Business Continuity	24. Disaster and Catastrophe	27 Climate Change/ Adaption				
Executive Summary	Overview 2022	The movement of the top five risks 2018-2022	Hisk Rankings 2018-2022	The ranking of the 12 risks	The Key Risk Indicator Report Methodology	Highest Risks by State	Glossary	References	
10	12	13	14	15	39	41	43	43	



SUMMARY

In 2022, lineal governments and communities continued to be impacted by unprecedented natural hazard events that quickly escalated to disaster status.

third most costly extreme weather event in Australia's South Wales in late February and early March 2022 through south-east Queensland and northern New hisbory, the 2022 sast coast food is now the most Data indicates the devastating floods that swept caused \$5 billion in ineured damages. Rated the coeffy flood event in Australian history.

disasters, lack of local knowledge, inability to prepare, levels of government to prepare, respond and profect communities against the impacts of natural diseasters contemporary data results in a country that is unable to cope. Lack of capacity and capability across all of associate and another to respond and access to While blimate change is described as the cause for delivering such an interes period of natural continues to overwhelm local governments and devastate communities.

 CEO/GM up at night, continue to highlight financial highlights all of the above. The key "risks" that keep sustainability, climate change, disaster/catastrophic events, cybercrime and governance, The extremity of the flow-on effects of these circular risks are at The JLT Public Sector Pisk Report (Risk Report) the coal face for local governments.

and GMs recognise the risks and the underlying reasons why they are ranked as set out in the Report. The Risk Report provides a measure for the maturity of local government's strategic risk profile, CEOs

The 2022 events, off the back of previous disasters, continue to focus the lens on financial sustainability, While clinste change continues to be a key rlak, the risk of impacts of disaster/catastrophic events on communities here and now has understandably eap frogged climate change in the list.

highlights the need to understand what makes a council sulnerable and how investment in mitigating the impacts of hiszand events will support vulnerable communities The 2022 survey responses include feedback that

lifted. Across Ausmalia. Federal and State Government Local government has been confronted with a myrtaid a domino effect on increase of costs across the focal Ausplan-Ulerzinian War and inflation, contributing to urther been affected by chain of supply issues, the of issues as impediments from the pandemic have elections have transpired and caused a shift in the political landscape, Globally the econdmic fallout to impact fourism, aviation, health, building and iment sectors. These occurrences have caused by Covid-19, impacted and continues

taks CEOs and GMs continue to face at an executive evel. Ability to oversee and ensure compliance with good governance highlights the value of measuring The Report highlights concerns for the emerging

The interconnectivity for these risks continued the top aix contributing to the overall key risk -linancial sustainability. to be acknowledged in this year's report, with

The findings of the surrey also demonstrated a domino effect, As one risk is impaicted by an event, it falls and trapples into the next risk creating a circular list of key

risks, all impacting on each other

infrastructure. Outside of disasters, the aurvey indicated infrastructure and the ability to appropriately manage infrastructure, in particular ageing and/or inadequate affect disasters and catastrophes have on assets & leaues around the cost of upgrade or betterment of The survey responses recognise the dominor assebs as an orgoing concern,

established the interconnection between the event there is an identified need to have in place effective some situations with successive disaster events. extending to information technology capabilities. in response to disaster events, compounded in and sustainability of business continuity plans, business continuity plans. The survey results

heightened awareness and reality of what a cyber-attack can mean for a council erganisation; in particular the risk of exposure of personal information of the community. Compounding the lasues for local government is the

The major and public artacks on Optus, Medibank and Latribude brought to the forefront the winerability of public facing organisations in relation cyber security.

Annual Cyber Threat Report said "critical infrastructure rapid exploitation of critical public vulnerabilities." retworks are being increasingly targetad" with the nitigation. The Australian Cyber Security Centre's White appropriate risk transfer (insurance) is important, the importance equally lies in risk becoming the norm.

The Risk Report thas cyber risk remaining at ranking number two - demonstrating EEOs and GMs continue to recognise that maturing the strategic risk reduction budgets is paramount to successful ongoing businers hemework aligned with strategic plans and informed Local Government is the pillar of its community. To be able to better support communities, councils

seed financial and resource support to have in place effective strategic plans, budgets and risk reduction The annual contribution by CEOs and GMs in nihatives that are able to contemplate unfore and unpredictable events.

provide valuable insight into the thoughts and views that gives the Risk Report integrify and continue to responding to the Riek Survey enables JLT Public of the sector's leaders as strategic and financial considerations continue to mould the key risk Sector to deliver powerful information and data hamework of local gevernment in Australia.

2002 ALI PURUC BEDTOR BISK REPORT | 31

OVERVIEW

2022

sector, but the underlying reason behind the concerns can vary, depending on the The 2022 Survey provides compelling insight of local government executives from across the country. There are certainly similarities in the risks that concern the State, geography (metro and regional) and the local regulatory environment.

of Tweed City Council and Glenn Pattison of Casey City Council for contributing to information into what Councils are facing within these risks. We thank Troy Green This year, JLT Public Sector interviewed the CEOs of two Councils, asking for insights they have in particular risks within the survey. This provided deeper this year's Risk Report.

Using these findings, along with the historic data, we hope this report continues to choosing the leading reason for why they selected a risk, we gave the opportunity help Councils consider how they approach risks, consider their vulnerabilities and for respondents to rank the underlying reasons driving their perception of the risk. We made changes to how Councils responded to the survey. Rather than shape their frameworks.

and the community is clear. the interconnectivity of risk these risks on government As different events unfold, and the domino effect of

GARY OKELY CEO, JLT Public Sector

THE MOVEMENT OF THE

TOP FIVE RISKS 2018-2022

movement of top risk rankings from 2018 to 2022. This diagram demonstrates how their risks and vulnerabilities and working to put mechanisms in place through their business continuity has become a focus risks have shifted and in particular how for Local Government - reaffirming the mportance of councils' understanding he following diagram maps the risk framework



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Financial Sustainability	Cyber Security
- 5	100

Cyber Security

Financial Sustainability

Cyber Security









Page 27 Attachment 1

RISK RANKINGS

2018-2022

Climate Change/ Adaptation Financial Sostainability Asset & Infrastructure Disaster or Catastrophe regulatory Business Continuity Managemen Statutory & мападатог ineffective Cyber Security Waste 垂 Climate Change/ Adaptation Asset 8 Infrastructure Civil Liability Claims Financial Sustainability Disaster or Catastrophe Ineffective Governance Waste HRWHS Business Continuity Reputation Cyber Security Climate Change/ Adaptation Erroirs, omissions Assets & infrastructure Waste Financial Sustainability Dinaster or Catastrophic HRWHS Ineffective Governance or civil liability Business Continuity Climate Change/ Adaption Errors, Omissions or Civil Liability Financial Sustainability Environmental Management Natural Catastrophes Asset & Infrastructure Ineffective Managemen Theft, fraud and Orime HEWHE Cyber Security Exposum Errors, omissions or civil liability exposure Environmental Annot & Infrastructure Natural Catastrophes Financial Sustainability Ineffective Governance Management Theft, fraud Business Continuity HRWHS Cyber Security

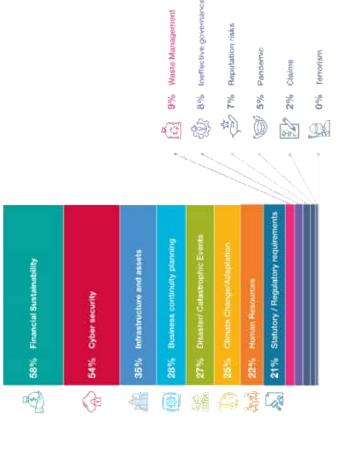
THE RANKING OF THE

12 RISKS

The two major cyberattacks on Optus and Medibank Private in Australia in 2022 contributed to continuing concerns about Cyber Security and the Breach of Data keeping Cyber Security top of mind in local government.

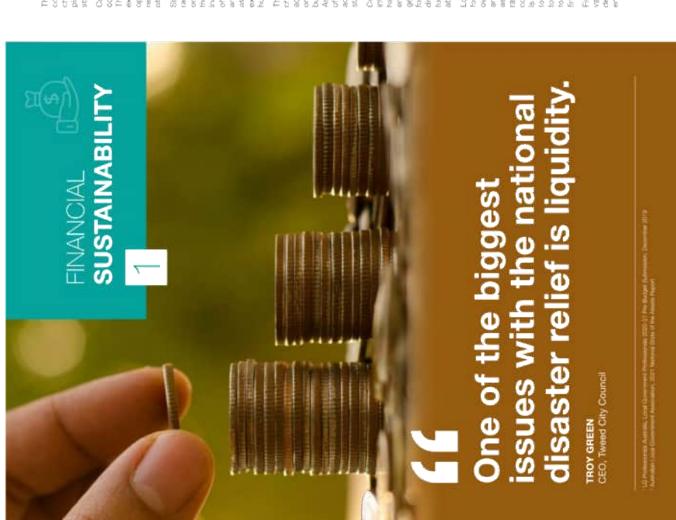
With the ongoing effects of devastating events of 2019, 2020 and 2021, the destructive floods of 2022 held influence on how risks impact local government. The impact of floods in New South Wales, Victoria and Queensland has maintained concerns around business continuity, disaster and catastrophic events continuing to be in the sights of Council.

Highest Ranking by respondents - Ranked 14



This report demonstrates that Councils are recognising the interconnectivity of risks and the domino effect they have on each other. Even with particular risks moving within the ranks, they know the impact of one risk will have a chain reaction across a number of others.

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plans that enable the delivery of the organisation's challenges in developing and resourcing business The avolving local government risk environment continues to present council assoutives with strategic direction.

reliabled crime has challenged Local Government like no apportunities; and the ever changing exposure to cyber The new post-Covid work environment and community cantinue to dominate the local government landscape ekpectations provide Executives with challenges and other time in history.

increase modestly most years, It is the escalating cost of meeting community expectations with maintaining and modernising public hving spaces and key public asserin – including agoing assets – which prosents one concern they lace, While councils barretit from executive feams with major planning and budgetary ranked by Risk Survey respondents as the number the relative stability of annual Council rates which Since 2018, Financial Sustainability has been Nurdles year-on-year

but also a dispropordionate allocation of needed Federal additionally makes recruiting appropriately experienced Assistance Grants (FAGs), The ever Incressing Impost of compliance across all aspects of local government staff in a competitive jobs market an ongoing challenge There are certainly similarities in the type of financial across Australia. Not only are they navigating the challenges faced by metro and regional countils ongoing cost shifting from state to facei governr

mensely and a common theme is that local government has lost both talent and capacity in recent times as for developing skilled talent due to the breadth and Competition for talent across the country increase employees are attracted to the private sector. The peneral consensus is councils are a great platform further execerbated in regional areas where talent diversity of operations, sentices provided. This is attraction and referblow has always been difficult.

to occur, the impacts would be tar-reaching with broad inancial implications for the community and its visitors is jetbes and whanse which are extremely expensive to maintain and replace but are seen as a critical asse to a town's tourism and local economy. If closure was Local government in most states is also responsible for the care and mainfenance of meny critical state arrangements were often cast yeers ago when the rates or grants to maintain the assets in line with owned assets which are leased to councils. The

demographic mix of each community. This report endeavours to unpack some of these challenges rary depending on the geographic location and

state jurisdictions to local government with minimal to continual moving responsibilities on from federal and no financial support for these transferred responsibilities the biggest risks councils face, compounded by the

evenue was committed to FAGs but by 2017 this had three years are not well supported linaricially through dropped to only 0,55%? This is despite population surge in disasters, catastrophes and the pandernic the FAGs, in 1996, 1% of Commonwealth taxation grawth, increased responsibilities, along with the The impacts that have occurred across the past

One of the biggest issues with the national disaste

down on limited unrestricted cash reserves to pay for the immediate nequirements of day to day expenses and rebuild the community after a disserter is some great deal of strain on the financial position of local programs," continues Mr Green, "focus is poveriment" in some cases, councils are drawing ellef is liquidity," seys Troy Green, of Tweed City nstances, it can take years before the money is Council. "The process after a disaster places a Disaster impacts all capital works eimbursed as periths guidelines.

completely on rebuild and programmed capital works are impacted. This affects conversely our 'Fit for the Future' asset financial sustainability of council and renewal and maintenance ratios."

respondents of the risk survey ranked cost ahiffing as which impact councie. This was followed by 35,53% the leading issue underpinning Financial Sustainab of respondents ranking Insufficient rate revenue or funding to local government to assist, 41,62% of The largest concern is that there is cost shifting noving from other governments with no increa prowith to support the delivery of services.

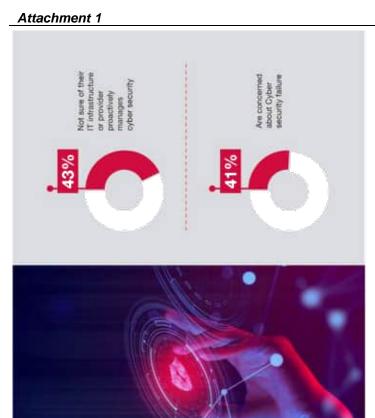
war and delivered during the Australia Boom. Today in many instances, local government is managing ucture and assets built after the second-

this sector manages physical assets valued at \$5235

associated With asserts, it is little surprise these impact With the four high-est-ranking concorns for councils on the sector's Financial Sustainability outbook.

operational requirements. This provides considerable hinding stagneting, the ability for Councils to maintal As noted in 2021, pouncils continue to be limited in Financial Sustainability is minimal placing a burder on how local government can maintain services to pressure to meet the demand and expectations of the community. Parte pegging continues to impact Councite and with such constraints in place, grant now they can increase revenue in order to delive:

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led us to evaluate our BCP and look at moving everything to the Cloud. By moving our core couldn't be as effective or efficient. This has applications to software as a service (SAAS) When we lost access to our services during This has led to the need to look at how we manage and deliver our services differently. the floods and the NBN was taken out, we By looking at outsourcing to the Cloud, we with the added benefit we have our data in our services will continue, in any event, as addressing the business continuity aspect a secure vault, backed by Tier 1 vendors". are outsourcing our cyber risk as well as Tray Green of Tweed City Council noted, our people can work from any location.

increase of nearly 13% on the previous year. This was 76,000 cyberorime reports in the 2021/2022 year, an stributed to state appropried cyberchine Incidents. 2022 Annual Cyber Threat Report, there were over avolution of ransomware attacks and the rapid Australia's prosperity attracting cybercriminals, exploitation of critical public sumerabilities."

web security, managing secure aysnem configuration and keeping secured, encrypted and tested backups inquire a renewed focus including endpoint detection Through the work JLT Public Sector has performed and response, privileged access management and is relatively commonplace. However other corrinds In partnership with our Council ellents, it is clear nubifactor authentication to enhance the sector that basic dyber-controls such as email filtering, cyther-security posture.

Issue met organisations goostly are tacing and second In Australia, This was pipped by Business Interruption The Allianz Risk Barometer found Cyber as the highest



CYBER

fue to the increasing dependency on the internet and hybrid working models. These dircumstances provide greater opportunity for cyber-criminals to exploit. goverhment, within businesses and the community uinerabilities within the broad range of technology This increase affects online services of all levels of zyben attaoks against organisations is incressing. The frequency and sophistication of malicious being used in society.

ergaging with people and organisations, take place lechnology. Councils were no different and needed to respond and neshape how services could be With COVID19 tast-tracking how work, achool and vintality solutions were quickly developed using solivored online and from the home environment where possible.

ocal Government is not confident it is not aware of her proscrive ability to manage cyber security. The second ranking lasue at 25% was their concern on he fact that when ranking what underpins this yek cyber security failure. These two are supported by Over 43% of Councils listed their leading consern ocowing their vulnerability of IT infrastructure and potential artacks and how they would respond. underlining the issue of Cyber Security as not

Syther flust also been affected by the disaster and strastrophes in 2022 impacting business continuity

https://dwww.opter.goc.su/sihmistehu.ehtes/2003-11/8080 Aresul Oober Theelt Record 2002 Allecs (2004) Corporate & Bocolety, Allecs Freik Hearmore, 1022

frird of Australia's public sector owned assets and of this portfolio exceeds \$523 billion annually and Councils are responsible for approximately one infrastructure. The most recent estimated value costs over \$35 billion to manage.

Figure 1 depicts the split over a range of asset classes The Australian Local Government Association (ALGA) estimates that of the total portfolio under council those in fair condition ranging up to \$138 billion.⁶ epiacement and one in 10 assets require urgent comfol, nearly three of every 100 assets require attention. The cost of this is considerable, with condition sitting in the order of \$51 billion and eptimates for replacing infrastructure in poor

the assets in poor condition exceeds the total annual revenue available to local government. To put this into perspective, the cost of replacing

should be noted, those extimates were compled for the cost to councils to adequately manage and before the surge in inflation over the course of 2022 and into 2023 and do not directly account maintain the remaining components of the total infrastructure portfolio.

and highlights the strong interconnectedness between sustainability of the sector. This has a demino effect with significant implications for tability exposures This clearly has significant implications for councils asset management and the underlying financial associated with local government operations.

just a Sability matter, but could possibly incorporate for continuity of operations, reputation among the community as quistodians of assets, Further, it is recognised that this is potentially not property as assets in poorer condition are more vulnerable to loss. This in furn has implications



Figure 1: Value of financial & non-financial assets control by local government (June 2020)*

It also highlights the importance of the need for

capital program, along with a need to move delivery creates a tension between the new Such assets have a shorber renewal cycle? savs Glenn Pattison. CEO of Oity of Casev. made to increase the funding envelope for developer contribution funds into project While in recent years efforts have been this asset class, other pressures on the and renewal requirements."

The state of

disaster risk reduction funding programs and disaster expansion to the funding that is available to councils recovery funding that supports building ligacic bethy management. These funding mechanisms include Commonwealth road black spot funding, various from other tiers of government to support asset This underlines the imperative for a substantial and the development of resilient infrastructure. financial assistance grants and other bageted infrastructure funding programs such as the

The impacts from the profound accid-demographic shifts aming from the COVID-19 pandemic are abs likely to have significant implications for asset and skilled and affordable contractor, and the ability of councils to attract and retain skills and capacity and deferminative interrelationship between asset infrastructure management into the future. This is management planning and financial sustainability hom interregional mignation and population shift, changes in infrastructure demand and utilisation. dependable and mature data that is capable of supporting informed and robust planning and decision-making that reflects the fundamental

leading concern by a significant number of points is the capacity to finance the assets further magnified by the significant funding required due to the supply underlying a risk, Figure 2 demonstrates the nation for councils to provide specific rankings of issues overview of each issue underlying this risk. The With the 2022 survey providing the apportunity chain issues and inflation,

within their worldorce

Significant increase in funding required due to limited supply chain and/or inflation Cost of upgrading/betterment when repairing assets. Other please specify Capacity to finance asset and infrastructure management Ability to adequately

Equal second place of underlying issues to management betterment of repairing these. For example, pouncils are

of aeseets and infrastructure is the cost of upgrading or finding assets have shorter iffecycles and the funds to For exemple, City of Casey has conserns surrounding open space assets such as playgrounds and

sports fields.

deliver new assets is not achievable

across the sector. This is exacerbated by inflation and infrastructure assets and this is the biggest risk driver

Figure 2 Mighlights that councils do not believe they

have the capacity to finance the management of

supply chain disruption and disaster impacts. These, along with betterment in recovery were identified and

are seen as internelated and compounding factors.

Natural disaster/catastrophe demage to critical intrastructure

Bank 6 1494 Parked 5-6 É 46% William Resided 2-4 Bank 1 Figure 2: Management of and/or damage of property, infrastructure and Asset risk/theat map

Australine Local Reyaryment Association, 23ch Nasprial Shate of this Assets Praport

communities navigate uncertainty during an event.
Well crafted and implemented business community plan
typically aim to quicidy and efficiently restore normal

governments have fumed their attention to business

With the events of the past three years, local

continuity and the consideration of short, medium

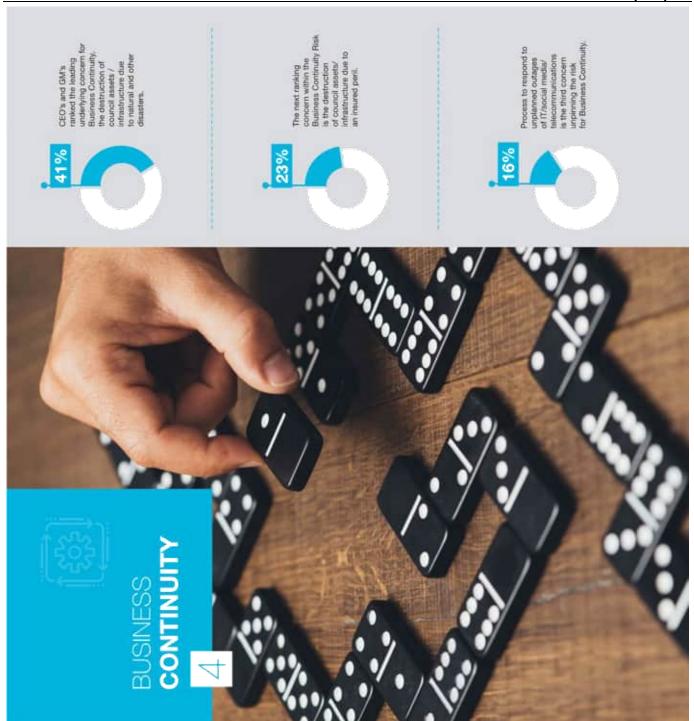
and long-ferm steps they need to take help their

pervice through the actions of staff and the executive

has moved up two spaces in 2022 from south to

fourth position.

Unsurprisingly, business continuity awareness



Attachment 1 Page 32

mpacting processes which in some cases are

catastrophic events and the domino effect

on councils' Business Continuity plans,

here is a linkage between disaster and

compounded by unplanned IT outages; each

being part of the interconnectivity of risks.

t task which cannot be overlooked when planning for

business confinuity.

business interruption declared values. We have seen a surge in valuation activity from proactive councils hality of replacement under current market conditions:

seeking to sesure their declared values reflect the

Business Continuity risk, Widespread global volatility impacting supply chains, labour costs and inflation,

has created a perfect storm impacting asset and

and to the second highest issue underpiriting the

The substantial devastation and effects of the 2022 floods across Australia has moved the destruction o council assets/infrastructure due to an insured peril

social media / talecommunications, which has become a focus for councis. IT resilience is a growing challenge

processes to respond to unplanted autage of FT /

Nespondents demonstrated an active intenset in

unplanned outages and security breaches is increasing.

or local government, and the financial impact of

Faiture to align IT security capabilities with councits'

strategic goals and appetite for risk, including the

the strategic business continuity plans may expose vulnerabilities to the continuity of services and should

be a priority of local government,

community resiliance plans and processes to mitigal

the impact on council services and functions need and operational choices with the executive during

to be addressed. Councils forced to distil critical

Finally, councils recognise that the development of

in an orderly manner and in a way that communicates

with affected communities with compassion

continuity of services. This needs to be delivered

the pandemic escalation must now enaure business comminy plans allow for a maged approach to the

integration of operational dispater recovery plans into

Since 2020, it is estimated that there have been over \$12 billion in claims. These events come at a significant additiona economic impact, with Treasury estimating a \$50Hillor cost on the national economy due to the 2022 disasters through

The impact of the events of 2022 and 2023 are well seen in how they connect with other visits. The roll on effect

from these events is seen throughout this report from the shandeli implications, to the impect on technology,

as well as business continuity programmes unable to survive reoccuring events.

crop losses, mining and construction detays, supply chain disruption and increased inflationary pressure. The events

of 2021/22 are a stark reminder of how Councils must continue to focus on understanding vulnerabilities, improving

systems, and building community and organisational capacity to reduce risk and strengthen resilience.

The hidden cost of a catastrophic event, which is hard to factor, is the emotional cost" states

"Staff are working ridiculous hours to manage operations

doesn't have the imployer at appetra of what is involved in a disaster and eventually. Council staff during such events can impact morale. One of the hidden effects of a disaster is in drying

of Council as well as responding to the immediate effects of a dispater. The community

Tray Green of Tweed City Council.

employees are at the end of multiple complaints each day. The emotional impact on Council

obtain additional skilled human resources to assist those agencies undertaking recovery

deal with the additional demands placed upon them over an extended period of recovery

metropolitan and city are equally concerned about is if their emergency management response plans can be The results of the survey, as shown in figure 4 demonstrate that the immediate response to manage assets and infriistructure during a disaster and catastrophic event. What all councils across remote, rural, regional



I comes as no surprise the impacts from disasters and astastrophic events on councils and their communities and features highly, rounding out the top five in the

brace for a second conservative La Nina in 2021/22 COVID-19 pandemic. Councils were then having to by a return to La Nina conditions in 2020/21 across most of Australia, councils were already stretiched and exhausted by the continued impacts of the bushfines, followed by severe aveather wrought In the shadow of the 2019/20 Black Summer

into New South 8 magnitude 5:9 event caused damage in September 2021. Tremors were felt in Tasmania and things to come when it centred in Mansfield, Victoria. Yet it was an earthquake that sounded the belt of to a number of homes and commercial buildings.

South Australia and Victoria were finit hit by widespread half causing extensive and catastrophic damage to severe weather, with strong winds, lightening and

The unforeseen tinne weather systems which combined communities under extreme stress. Flooding impacts occurred in more than 70 local government areas and to cause Sooding across the east coast of Australia agriculture, buildings and community infrastructure experienced in South East Queensland as well as in February 2022, with the most severe fooding Central and Northern New South Wales, brought in late October 2821.

according to the Insurance Council of Australia -- the caused damage of over \$5 billion in insured losses third costilest weather event in Australia's history.

Saturated catchments and widespread flooding

included the Hawkeabury-Napagu which experienced is worst flooding in nearly 50 years in July, then the Vovember devastated Forbes and sumbunding town in Central West NSW before Impacting downstream from ongoing rain events continued into 2023. This Murrity-Darling where unprecedented flooding in communities in the morths that followed.

as high concern by respondents as indicated by Figure 3 planning aspects of disaster management were identifie event predictability, funding, community awareness and abention of councils, however emergency response, Untsurprisingly, theaster hazards occupy the most

Gienn Patterson, CEO of City of Casely Council agree councils are working to reduce climate change risks hrough lang-term planning, ensuring this is reflected in policies and planning controls.

It is important that government responses are informed by accurate data and acience, and effectively address mitigation and adaption" hat collaboration cocurs between all levels of government, community and industry to

Role as Community leader to manage dis-

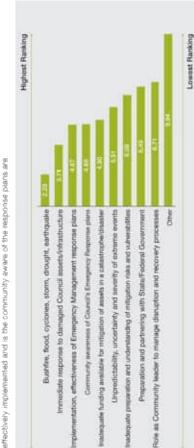


Figure 4: Disaster/Catastrophic Event Average Ranking of underlying concerns 1 to 10

Rank 10 14% 5%



redulte response to damaged Dounct assets and infrastructure The unpredictability, uncertainty and assembly of extreme events. Community awareness of Council's Emergency Response plans Preparation and partnering with State and Federal Government Agencies Bushfire, flood, cyclones, storm, disrught, earthquake, vadequate funding available for Rule as Community leader

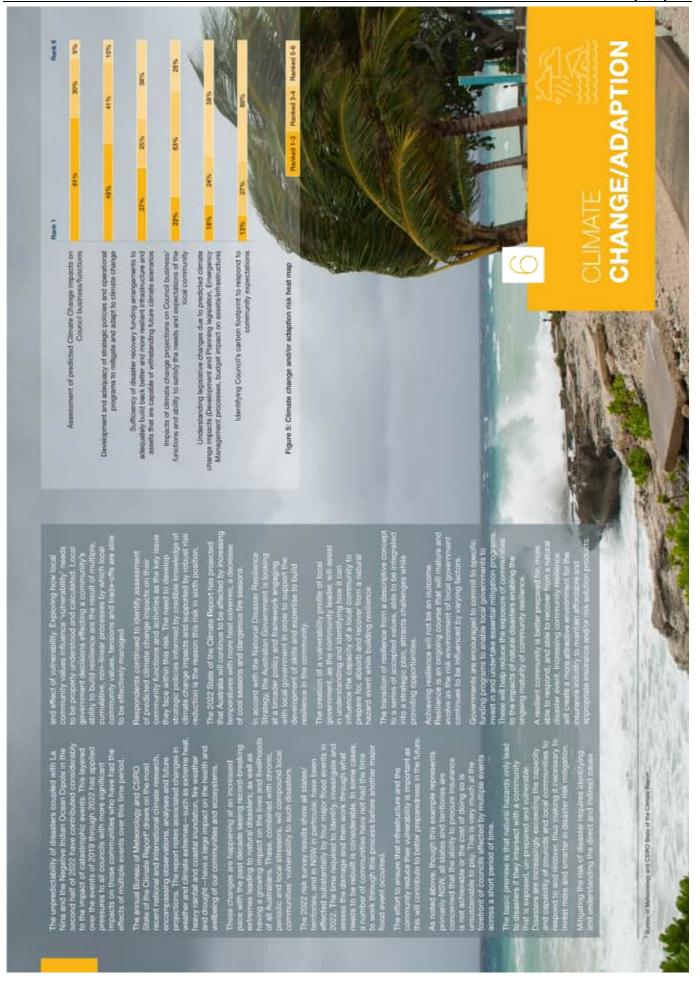
Figure 3: Disaster/Catastrophic Events Heat Map

Manifest 1-2 Ranked 5-7 Ranked 7-10

Other pinase specify

+04

1886





environment of Increased stability and requiridory nelude ongoing cost shifting mechanisms from other Local governments across Australia are operating in requirements. The driving forces behind this frend tiers of government, increasing governance and accountability requirements, which have come about as a result of integrity and accountability wlated legislative reform

are informed by accurate

data and science, and

government responses

It is important that

significantly influencing their organisation's risk profile evidenced by the movement in risk ranking in this rear's report from ninth in 2021 to sorth in 2022 Respondents have Indicated that this area is

Local governments may see these risks manifest n a number of ways, including:

councitions and officens), which in furn connects governance and accountability matters against An increase in Idigation and claims activity as a result of non-compliance activity (including to the risk of Ineffective Governance.

mitigation and adaption.

CEO, City of Casey Council **GLENN PATTERSON**

community and industry

levels of government,

occurs between all

that collaboration

to effectively address

local governments needing to provide additional services and functions to communities that were Financial sustainability implications as a result government. This connection with the leading risiti, places further pressure on organisations previously the reapons/berty of other bers of

Increased exposure to additional fines and penalties for non-compliance and the additional cost associated with compliance management

- Development regulations and obligations, and government agencies to focal government inoluding complexity around Planning and Increased risk shifting from state/lemitory
- Increased community complaints and adverse audit findings resulting in risk to reputational damage,

qualified staff which links with the seventh ranked risk the sheer pace of legislative change and cost shifting Human Resources. This is further exacerbated by controlling this risk include access to appropriately mechanism from other tiers of government as they too grappie with financial sustainability pressures. The key challenges identified in managing and

igenda facing local governments in the coming year to drive the ever changing and expanding legislative jovernance matters, which we anticipate will continu processes across all levels of government. This is stakeholders, interest groups and negulators on corporate governance structures and decision There is a continuing focus by individuals:





ranked concern is charges in legislation or its application to shifting regulatory requirements. The second highest



nine in ten Australien councils are now expensencing sidil shortages – an increase of 30% in four years and two thirds of councils have had local projects (ALGA) reported in September 2022 that "around impacted or delayed as a result". 19

challenge further compounded for regionally focated and the challenge of meeting regulatory obligations complex, with low unemployment rates creating a skills shortage across many key roles with this Councils. The complexity of council service deliv The Local Government employment profile is

and community expectations makes it very difficult for councils to appropriately resource their organisations. brackets, creating workplace efficiency and transition workers presents hundles such as how to overcome a tansition for workers to a more labour intensive role significantly geared towards the more senior age roles and responsibilities of 'outside' and 'inside' to retirement challenges. The clear distinction in The age profile of Local Government is also

Governments in general were not set up for a work from home arrangement prior to the pandemic and being able to austain this and manage performance. is proving difficult.

Councils have started to develop Employee Value Propositions (EVPs) to source, attract, recruit and

states Glenn Patterson, CEO of Cases Oity Council, "We need to shift from fraditional and reactive sourcing to a strategic and vemuneration and career development "Local Government needs to identify what can be offered through benefits proactive approach" etain staff.

Mr Patterson continues that "to rebain talented staff. local government must upilit culture and implement Urlure focussed, new ways of working. We need a Highest Ranking

Lowest Ranking United capacity to attract and retain professional staff Rapidly rising employment market costs Workers' Componention Claims Managing staff productivity and performance OSH & PWHS Fines & Peruities Chailenges of managing a remote workforce Providing health, safety and wellbeing to all employees

Figure 6: Human Resources Average Ranking of underlying concerns 1 to 8

and better position local government as an industry of Consistent feedback in the 2022 Risk Survey showed choice for new graduates. This can also be said of the local government in general needs to consider how it challenge to attract the best leadership talent to help overcome auccession challenges for serior positions can compete in the low-unemployment environment

There is minimal differences in rankings between neeting market costs and being able to manage employee productivity which is supported by the had councils face challenges when it comes to nanaging a remote workforce.

MANAGEMEN

proactive approach.

CEO, City of Casey Council GLENN PATTERSON

to a strategic and

RESOURCE

engages employees throughout their work lifecycle? robust, employee centred approach that actively

federal assistance and grants, councits are financially With minimal ability to influence operating revenues through rate increases and being primarily reliant on constrained in being able to effectively resource and aftract the best talent to the organisation

around Countil spending and the public access to Further compounded by the heavy media scrutiny Executive nemuneration. 2002 ALI RUBLIC DEGITOR BISK REPORT (\$1

HIGH News REAR



The 2018 National Waste Report noted that "Australia economy"." Local Government menages approximately specialised services and literbaids, dispatched and 26% of Australia's waste via self-management or generales more waste than the average Western rebycled material.

Over 9,7 million tonnes of waste is collected and managed nationally each year costing around \$3.5 billion.

In 2020, an Action Plan was put in place for better waste within this report include helving organic waste to landfill and phasing out unnecessary plastics by 2025. These targets put pressure on Councils with minimal financial across all waste streams by 2030. Further requirements management practices. An 80% recovery rate target Support to achieve this.

Maintenance run-off of older facilities and monitoring of legacy landfill which will creatly a burden to balance

sheets as well as regulationy changes.

increased costs to manage

Public Sector Risk Survey, Waste Management moved up two places in the rankings from 2021. The cost and ability to effectively manage wasse was ranied as the number one reason for this concern. This accounted roquirements is reflected in the results of the 2022 for 88% of Douncils ranking this as number one. Concerns for financial capacity to meet these

build, fund and educate residents around the changing Councils are under increasing pressure to repurpose ndustry, every year. The most obvious risk posed requirements. Waste management is a high-risk activity with significant losses susfained in the is environmental contamination.

or local government, Whilst these opportunities appea attractive, a move into this space will change the profile of local government waste management activities and

potentially opening the door to new revenue streams

preades apportunities in the waste-2-energy space

This change in pace around waste management

of laryfill-only operations to sophisticated waste

Stockpiling because of insufficient, suitable intrestructure and limited dentand in the

domestic market.

nanagement solutions including refuse recovery Waste facilities have evolved from past models

ecycling, and energy generation.

the implications of this are something that Councils ought to thoroughly consider when planning for and

hese operational hazards is the significant reputations to create a circular economy. In a climate of Increased costs, are all further potential outcomes. Overarching falk to mitigate environmental harm whilst innovating Clean up expenses, fines and damages, increased

The increased focus on reducing waste to landfill creates opportunities but also opens the door to new risks such as:

rivestigating W2E solutions and developing solutions underway across Australia directly engaged in W2E;

There are a number of local government projects

ivaluating these opportunities.

to case? for the waste generated from these plants.



Figure 7: Waste Management Average Ranking of underlying concerns 1 to 5

2002 A3 RURING BEGTORI BASK REPORT (33)

Attachment 1

Page 37



Governance within a local government encompasses it is controlled and operated, and the organisation as are critical to their success and meeting the needs of whole, and its people, are held to accounf. Effective all the structures, systems and processes by which enterprise risk management) within local governmer governance probesses and practices (including the communities they serve.

While ineffective governance remains in 10" position, and monitor them is the key feature in the continued increase of claims in Public and Professional Liability governance structures, and then appropriately apply failure to initially set up and meintain appropriate Council and Officers, and Fidelity/Crime covers

mitting to ineffective governance is the inadequary of financial controls, While previously ranked at the The largest issue council executives identified this ineffective governance. The driving forces behind bottom of the underlying governance sub issues. respondents ranked this as the leading issue for this movement may be linked to the increasing budgetary pressures in a challenging operating

environnent of inflationary pressures, supply chain issues, and worldstop planning difficulties.

employee behavlour/misconduct and challenges with naneging Council meetings, efficiently and effectively were ranked olosely being the adequacy of financial controls. The driving forces behind these sub groups emerging as priorities for a large number of councils Challenges from menaging elected member and or likery include the integrity related legislative reform agenda across the country. in the procurement of contractors, facilities and events councils need to ensure there is planning incorporating and the labour market. Pailing to undertake appropriate Listification for engagement as well as the approach taken in how they go to the market to deliver services carried out transparently and the process is managed effectively. This can be particularly challenging in the current environment with pressures on supply chains due diligence and get these critical processes right exposes councils to public liability claims, financial and events. The process must ensure sourcing is des, and significant reputational damage

ocal government, Raputation has been ranked 11th considered a number of issues around what effects With the ranking of risks this year, councils have

As the closest level of government to the community, poundls are best in touch with their community needs Councils are responsible for providing a wide range of key services but, also have a legislative responsibility to provide governance and leadership for their local and understand the best ways to ensure those needs

community through advocacy; sound decision making of powers and the use of resources. Should there be any real or perceived failure in performance of these Councile are accountable to their local communities in the performance of their functions, the exercise

in 2022, councile have been under increased pressure number of events that have occurred apross 2022. to continue to provide essential services while supporting their local communities through a council's reputation.

duties, there could be significant consequences to

circumstances has led to frustration in the community advocating for their needs, council resources have While councils have been seen in the community, peen tested as well as stretched which in some and potential impacts to a Councils reputation.

changes of legislation and the inability to engage and in the reputation category is their ability to adminish with or undertake legislative requirements as these change. While related to the shifting of responsibilitie this leads to the loss of community trust in elected .ocal Government identified their biggest concern council governance effectively. However, this was closely followed by the impact of failing to comply relintain the right people to manage this through members and administrative staff. This year, with the ability for respondents to specifically



Ability to administer Council governance effectively

Loss of community trust Elected Members

Falure to comply with/undortake logislative requirement Loss of community trust in Council Administration

Investigations by external government bodies

Other piease specify

The ability to administer council governance effectively ank their reasoning behind each risk, there has been naved to number one with the loss of confidence in elected members moving to number 2. It should be novement in the specific number one ranked risks. ched these remained extremely close

Challenges from managing Elected Member and/or Employee behavior/misconduct Challenges with managing Council Meetings, efficiently and effectively Compliance with Strategic Planning process Failure to manage contractors, facilities, and events. increased activating with managing investigations by ICAC or similar bodies Other please specify Adequacy of financial controls Figure 8: Ineffective Government Concern Rankings

There have been high levels of demonstrated resillence

2002 AS AURUC BECTOR BOX REPORT (20)

and Mouth outbreak in Indonesia and reported Monikey

Pox cases in Australia,

future pandemic threats with recent monitoring of Foot

at a whole of community and local government level with the proven ability to deliver continuity of critical and core services. This 'new normal' prepares us for

are Custurer to concrean reason previous intensity about presenting and responsibility to all evolvering periodermic. It continued to impact organisations and continuentlies in 2022. Though shut downs have suited, by the third and fourth parademic waves in conditionation with the first services have continued to see governments and business have employees work from home when needed. This reduced the capacity of local businesses being able to bounce beak and three with people returning to work in metropolitan and regional cities.

Public sector pandemic planning had two key, underlying assumption

- Phased approach to linear developing pandemic conditions in accordance with relevant health authorities declared phases.
- Forus on continuity of critical and core service deliverables associated with 40-80% workforce reduction and supply chain interruptions due to people being sick or caring for the sick.

The COVID-19 pandemic challenged all previous pandemic planning assumptions because there with:

- Rapid non-linear escalation;
- Global, netional and state based border closure:
- Lock downs at various stages across the country.
- Mass vaccination responses to reduce transmission and protect volverable populations, along with:
- Technology advancements that facilitated communications (including misleading information):
- Work from home capabilities.

While the COVID-19 pandentic continues to have impacts, the lifting of bonder closures, lock downs and supply chain delays eased during 2022. The lessons land earned over the past given years have chainwayed pandent; plannings and response for local government in many ways not only outdersong the risk but also realising opportunities. Today local government is adapting to:

- The return of vielbors and workers to capitial and major cities tollowing a mass exoclus during the pandemic.
- Some regional areas are experiencing increased community population, changed demographics and associated changes to service expectations.
- Different ways and evolving expeditations for community services events and engagement.
- The critical role local government plays in facilitating and delivering key health messages to their local communities

PANDEMIC COVID-19 54

The following explains the approach off the example of rankings.

Risk Category:

of concern.

Business continuity planning and Community disruption

98,46% 0.51% 0.00% 1,02% 0,00% 0.00% 34,01% 20.01% 30,96% 2234% 22.54% 8.63% Process to ensure clear, consistent communication with affected community/less integrity of clement business continuity plan and process. Development of community realience plans and processes to mitigate the impact of a loss objectued Council services and functions. Destruction of Council assets/infrastructure due to an insured peril (fire, storm, varidalism) Process to respond to unplanned outages of IT/social media/helecommunications Destruction of Council assets/infrastructure due to natural and other disasters (bushfirs, flood, extreme storms, terrorism, etc.) Risk Category

If we take business continuity risk category as an example, the highlighted column above sums to 100% and shows a breakup of all the risks ranked at number 1.

This sample shows 40.61 % of responders had Destruction of Council assets/infrastructure due to natural and other disasters (bushfire, flood, extreme storms, terrorism, sto.) ranked 1

To identify high, medium and low risks we have bundled the rankings as follows.



While the above key is true for the overall risk picture (1 to 12) there are tables showcasing the findings for the individual risk as a comparable risk map. In this instance, respondents were provided the opportunity to rank. The underlying concerns within each risk.

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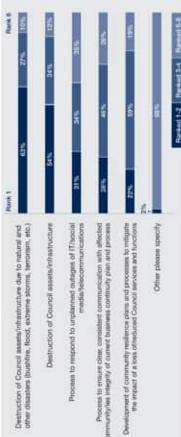
porotts Australia.

JIGHEST RISKS

Destruction of Council assets/infrastructure due to an insured perif (fire, storm, vandalsm) has an average rank of 2,62 Destruction of Council assets/infrastruturie due to hatural and other clisasters (bushfirs, flood, extreme storms, terronsm, etc.) has an average rank of 2,29

The following example fooks, at Business Continuity Planning and Community Disruption. The underlying issue

This means when we everage out all the rankings the responders placed these risks for business continuity (high, med, low) they averaged out to be fairly close, this is an example where people had differing opinions on the rank 1 risk for this category.



Rayand 1-2 Rayand 3-4 Rayand 5-1

Survey Respondents

Participants were from each state and territory – these also represented metropolitur, city, regional, regional 197 local government CEOs and General Managers participated in the 2022 JLT Public Sector Risk Survey.

Participants ranked 14 risks from highest to lowest, drilling down further into the ressons behind each risk: We have presented the results of the top 12.

State representation nationally

representing 37% of council CEO/GM's. Of this 37% the representation of State responses is in figure 9. The 2022 Risk Survey had 197 respondents

The representations within these charts consider small

Regions

populations in remote Australia through to densely

populated cities. Remoteness is based on the level of access to services. The following provides the

preskdown of councils by region.

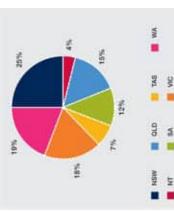


Figure 9: State respondent representation

Countil 8

Figure 10: Regional Representation

Regional

Table 1 shows the impact of varying events and how different States are identifying issues that effect them. For example, Financial Sustainability doesn't rank first across the board. In some cases Cyber Security is ranked first. In most states, the same ranked somewhere in the top five.

Top 5 Risks compered by state



Disauter or Catastrophe



Asset & Infrastructur



Northern Territory

























Regulatory/Statutory

Requirement

Human

































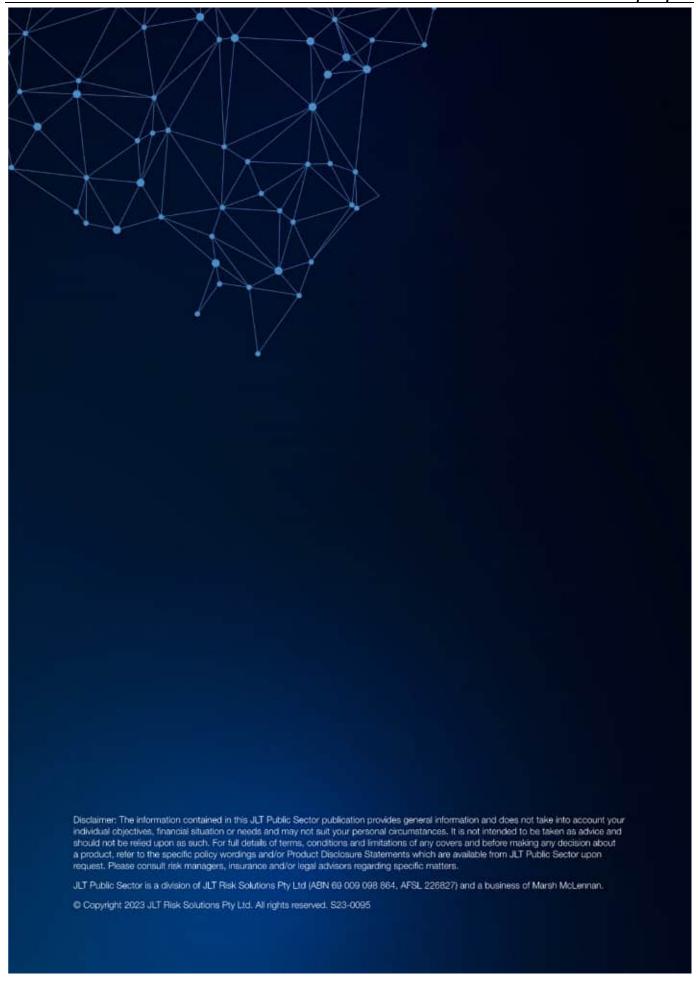




Financial

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FOR THE MEETING 30 MAY 2023

Agenda Reference: 10.1

Title: Closure to the Public for the Discussion of Confidential Items

File Reference: 1079356

Author: Jessie Schaecken, Governance and Risk Advisor

SUMMARY

Pursuant to section 99(2) of the *Local Government Act 2019* and regulation 52 of the *Local Government (General) Regulations 2021*, the meeting is to be closed to the public to consider confidential matters.

STATUTORY ENVIRONMENT

Section 99(2) of the *Local Government Act 2019*Regulations 51 and 52 of the *Local Government (General) Regulations 2021*

RECOMMENDATION:

That Risk Management and Audit Committee approved the closure of the meeting to the public as confidential items were about to be discussed in accordance with regulation 52 of the *Local Government (General) Regulations 2021*.

WEST ARNHEM REGIONAL COUNCIL FOR THE MEETING 30 MAY 2023

EXCLUSION OF THE PUBLIC

The information in this section of the agenda is classed as confidential under section 293(1) of the Local Government Act 2019 and regulation 51 of the Local Government (Administration) Regulations 2021.

WEST ARNHEM REGIONAL COUNCIL FOR THE MEETING 30 MAY 2023

RE-ADMITTANCE OF THE PUBLIC